

FOR ABOLISHING PATRONAGE.

A NUMBER of the Heritors and Inhabitants of the Parish of FALKIRK, having taken the Patronage Law under their consideration, are of opinion, that it ought to be abolished. But as they propose to give a more full and particular advertisement of their sentiments on this subject in a future publication, they therefore only mean at present to signify their opinion in general to the Public; and hope, that the Heritors and Inhabitants of other parishes, as well as the Citizens of the Royal Burghs, will concur in a measure so necessary and interesting to the welfare of this part of the united kingdom.

Falkirk, May 13, 1782.

RYE-GRASS, CLOVER, AND LINT-SEED.

JAMES BERTRAM, Grass-market, Edinburgh, has now on hand a large quantity of

RYE-GRASS, CLOVER,

AND SCOTS LINT-SEED:

Which will be sold on the lowest terms, wholesale or retail.

Carron Grates, Light Kitchen Furniture, &c.

To be sold on the lowest terms.

At W. BRADWOOD's Carron Warehouse, near Heriot's Entry, Grass-market, Edinburgh.

A LARGE and elegant Assortment of CARRON GRATES, neatly fitted up to all the common sizes, and a great variety of Plates to answer purposes of any size whatever. Smoke Stoves on the same construction with Brodie's Register Fire Stoves, made to every size; Carron Grates, so constructed as to admit of their standing in any vent, being of the form of steel grates, with pillars and vases; Perpetual Ovens, Boiling Tables, Pedestal Stoves, Laundry Heater and Stewing Stoves, Furnace Doors and Grates, Pots, Kettles, Smoothing Irons, and all other sorts of Carron Goods.

A very fine assortment of English and French, Fire Irons, common ribbed Fenders, tipped Iron Spoons, Coal Buckets and Fire Pans, Bellows, Jacks, Frying Pans, Branders, &c. Also a parcel of Iron Caddles, which will be sold very cheap in wholesale.

Light and elegant Cast Iron Goblets and Stew Pans, manufactured at Carron, equal in quality to the Patent English Pans, and one fourth cheaper, which reduces these valuable articles to one half of the price of copper, besides saving the enormous expense of tinning, which on vessels of this sort has no occasion ever to be renewed. Light Carron Tea Kettles, much improved; the bodies and spouts being cast in one piece, which renders them more durable than the English ones. Also, round and oval English Pots of all sizes.

GRASS SEEDS.

DAVID FAIRWEATHER, Seed-Merchant, Pleasance, Edinburgh, has just now got on hand

A Large Quantity of clean-dressed RYE-GRASS SEED, from 7 s. to 8 s. per bushel. Likewise sells Natural Grass Seed, fit for sward or pasture ground, with a mixture of Rib Grass amongst it, at 4 s. per bushel. The seeds are warranted fresh, and the best of their kinds.

As the above prices are low, he sells for ready money only.

N. B. Commendations from the country carefully answered.

ROUP OF FURNITURE.

ON Monday the 20th day of May instant, there is to be SOLD, by public roup, for ready money only, the whole FURNITURE in that lodging or dwelling-house situated on the north-east corner of St Andrew's Square, presently possessed by the Right Honourable the Earl of Hadinton, containing, among others, a complete set of Dining-room and Drawing-room Furniture, Mounted Beds, Feather Beds, Blankets, &c. The Furniture is the property of an upholsterer, is entirely new, being all made in August last, and is warranted clean.

The roup will begin at ten o'clock in the morning, and continue till all is sold off.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD by public auction, at the foot of Chambers's Close, the whole Household Furniture, which belonged to the late Mrs Inglis of Orchardfield, consisting of mounted beds, mahogany tables and chairs, tea and table China, kitchen furniture, and a great quantity of other articles.

The auction to begin on Monday first at ten o'clock forenoon, and continue until all is sold off.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD on Tuesday next, the 21st current, the FURNITURE in the fourthmost house of the east side of George's Square. It is well kept, and in very good order. The roup will begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and continue that and the following days, at the same hour, till the whole is sold.

N. B. There is a good eight-day clock in the house.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

TO be SOLD by auction by Mr Smith, on Wednesday the 23d May 1782, in Mr Elder's large room, back of Prince's-street coffee-house, consisting of two sets of dining-room furniture, fine large carpets, and joining mahogany dining-tables, a fine large sofa; the whole being little worse than new. Steel and Carron grates, a kitchen jack, &c.; a large mahogany counting-room desk; sundry sets of dining-room chairs; mahogany Pembroke tables; card and dining ditto; two fine mahogany clothes presses; ditto desk and book-case; a side-board table; a small barrel organ; with many other articles too numerous to insert.

Mr Smith most respectfully begs leave to inform the Public, that the furniture will be sold off without reserve, if purchasers appear at the sale, as the house must be cleared of the furniture on the 25th instant. He humbly hopes they will not let slip this opportunity of getting the best of goods on the easiest terms.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE at ECCLES.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, at the House of Eccles, in the county of Berwick, upon Monday the 24th of June next, the whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE that belonged to the deceased Sir John Paterson of Eccles, Baronet, including the Silver Plate, and a very good Library of Books.

The roup to begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue till all is sold off.

CORNETCY TO BE SOLD.

A CORNETCY in the XIIIth Regiment of LIGHT DRAGOONS, on the Irish establishment, to be disposed of on reasonable terms. If unexceptionable security is offered, the price may remain in the hands of the purchaser, at the legal interest.

For particulars, apply to James Home clerk to the Regt.

MONEY.

WANTED to borrow immediately, TWO THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling, upon unexceptionable heritable security. And at Martinmas next, FOUR THOUSAND POUNDS upon a separate estate. If the lender desire it, collateral security will likewise be given for payment of the interest.

Apply to Charles Innes, clerk to the Signet.

TO BE SOLD.

THE fourthmost LODGING in St John's Street, east row, with Coach-house and Stables thereto belonging. The House is fit to accommodate a large family, and may be seen every lawful day.

For further particulars, application may be made to James Bremner writer in Edinburgh.

Just published, Price Four Shillings in boards, POEMS,

BY ROBERT ALVES, A.M.

EDINBURGH: Printed for the Author.

Sold by WILLIAM CREECH, Edinburgh; and T. CADELL, London.

SALE BY AUCTION, in small Lots,

At eleven o'clock forenoon, till all be sold off.

In the Warehouse lately possessed by Walter Seton and Co.

Royal Exchange,

THE WHOLE STOCK IN TRADE of a Merchant in the Country,

being a complete assortment of

Haberdashery and Woollen Drapery Goods,

PARTICULARLY

Muslins, Calicoes, German Linens, Thread and Silk Laces, Modern Perfumery, Sattins, Persian, and Durant Petticoats, Sattins, Quiltings.

In the afternoon, from five to eight o'clock, will be sold, a number of FASHIONABLE HATS, and a variety of other goods.

As every thing may be disposed of, bidders will meet with the greatest bargains that ever appeared at a sale.

SALE OF PRIZE-GOODS.

TO be SOLD by public auction, in different lots, at the Warehouse of Messrs RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and Co. Leith, on Monday the 20th of May current, precisely at ten o'clock forenoon.

The following GOODS, being part of the Cargo of the Snow FOUR FRIENDS, Prize to the Lively Privateer, Willis Macbeth Commander, taken on her passage from Amsterdam to Boston, viz.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 106 Pieces fine broad cloth. | 24 Pocket-books. |
| 49 Pieces flannel and duffle. | 96 Pair silk garters. |
| 5 Pieces calimere. | 30 Umbrellas. |
| 60 Dozen pair of stockings. | 22 Reams of paper. |
| 100 Pieces shalloon, poplin, damask, and muslin. | 120 Pair women's shoes. |
| 23 Pieces flannel. | 131 Yards bolting cloth. |
| 184 Fine beaver hats. | 3000 Dozen sorted buttons and thimbles. |
| 200 Pieces calimere, durat, and cambet. | 2000 Lib. thread. |
| 100 Pieces calicoe. | 1830 Dozen pins. |
| 25 Dozen handkerchiefs. | 70000 Hair-pins. |
| 54 Pieces cotton beaver, velvet, jean, and thickset. | 370 Doz. table knives & forks. |
| 150 Pieces linen and sheeting. | 600 Doz. penknives, cut-throats, and scissars. |
| 26 Pieces huckaback, toweling, and dowlas. | 180 Brass cocks. |
| 17 Damask table-cloths. | 10 Brass kettles. |
| 82 Pieces check. | 94 Dozen files. |
| 37 Pieces buckram. | 400 Dozen of locks & hinges. |
| 3 Sattin petticoats. | 180 Sets of desk mounting. |
| 37 Dozen leather mitts & gloves. | 300 Candlesticks. |
| 2000 Yards gauze and lawn. | 35 Saws. |
| 2500 Dozen tapes and bindings. | 2000 Feet window-glass. |
| 10 Bed ticks. | 19 Cut lead hot. |
| 90 Pieces ribbons. | 12000 Nails. |
| 12 Boxes artificial flowers. | 11 Cut white lead. |
| 70 Dozen fans. | 23 Pieces raven duck. |
| | 100 Bolts of canvas. |

And a variety of Haberdashery and fromongers Ware.

The goods are in excellent order, and will be shown three days before the sale.

Catalogues to be had by applying as above.

SEAMEN AND LANDMEN WANTED.



THE LIVELY Privateer, WILLIS MACBETH Commander, mounting

22 carriage guns, 6 and 12 pounders; and the LEVERET Privateer, J. DICKSON Commander, mounting 12 carriage guns, are now sitting out at LEITH, and will very soon be ready to sail on a cruise against the enemies of Great Britain.

The Lively is a most capital ship; and during her last cruise captured three rich American prizes. Her consort the Leveret is allowed to be one of the swiftest cruizers in Europe.

Able Seamen, Ordinary Seamen, and Landmen are wanted for these vessels, and great encouragement will be given by applying to the Captains, or to Messrs Ramsay, Williamson, and Co. Leith.

A few Officers are wanted, particularly Masters Mates, a Boatswain, Carpenter, Gunner, and Quarter-masters, &c.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION.

At Heron's Long-Room in Glasgow, on Wednesday the 22d of May, at 12 o'clock mid day,

THE SNOW DE BATAVIER,

with all her masts, yards, cordage, sails, &c. as she now lies in the harbour of Greenock; being a prize to his Majesty's ships of war the Monarch, Panther, and Sybil.

Also, the following goods, being part of the Cargo of the said Snow Batavier:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 85 Hogheads of Tobacco. | 177 Bags of Coffee. |
| 129 Casks of Cayed and Mulcova Sugar. | 19 Casks of Rum. |
| | 141 Hides. |

Inventory of the vessel, with the samples of the goods, and conditions of sale, will be shown at the counting-house of Somervell, Gordon, and Co merchants, Glasgow.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE BARGAIN.

THE SNOW EXPEDITION,

six years old, plantation-built, burden 130 tons or thereabout, mounting six carriage guns, a remarkable fast sailer, completely fitted for a West India voyage, and well calculated for that trade.

Inventory and conditions of sale to be had upon applying to Gavin Kemp and Company, St. Bernard's Street, Leith; or to the master on board of said vessel, presently lying at the foot of Queen's Street, Leith Harbour.

N. B. If not sold in the course of ten days from this date, will take a freight to London.

Leith, May 18, 1782.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitinsay next.

THAT commodious and elegant FINISHED LODGING, on the east side of the west entry from St Andrew's Square, to Queen's Street, new-extended royalty of Edinburgh, possessed by Mr Robertson writer. The lodging consists of two storeys; first floor containing dining-room, drawing-room, two bed-rooms, kitchen, six closets, and a press; and the other floor containing five bed-rooms, and seven closets, with two cellars under the pavement fronting the tenement, and water-pipe.

For particulars, apply to Frederick Fotheringham writer, St Andrew's Street, Edinburgh.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, May 17.

War-Office, May 17.

Commissions signed by his Majesty for the army in Ireland.

1st Regiment of horse, Mr Esory Thomas to be Cornet, vice George Stewart, who retires. Dated March 31, 1782.

5th Dragoons, Mr John Abercrombie to be Cornet, vice Robert Wynne, promoted. Dated April 13, 1782.

8th Dragoon, Captain-Lieutenant George Walpole to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Edward Kelly, who exchanges. Dated as above.

9th Dragoons, Captain George Lord Strathaven, from the 8th foot, to be Captain, vice Andrew Corbett, promoted. Dated as above.

Mr Brown to be Cornet, vice Frederick Coane, promoted. Dated as above.

12th Dragoons, Captain-Lieutenant Edward Kelly to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice George Walpole, who exchanges. Dated as above.

Cornet Robert Wynne, of the 5th dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Edward Kelly.

14th Dragoon, Eldest Cornet Alexander Crawford to be Lieutenant, vice Francis Lynch Blolfe, who retires. Dated as above.

Mr Robert Haly to be Cornet, vice Crawford.

4th Foot, Mr John Nixon to be Ensign, vice George Jones, promoted by purchase. Dated March 31, 1782.

11th Foot, Second Ensign Peter Skerret to be Lieutenant, vice Placitt Meares, who retires. Dated as above.

Lieutenant Jonathan Rogers, late of the 49th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Arthur Benfon, promoted. Dated April 13, 1782.

32d Foot, Vesey Knox, Esq; to be Captain, vice Wetwang Marsh. Dated February 22, 1782.

36th Foot, Lieutenant John Carden, late of the 5th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice John Croker, promoted. Dated April 13, 1782.

Lieutenant James Dumas, late of the 49th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Wyld, promoted. Dated as above.

Ensign Jeremiah Delany to be Lieutenant, vice Maurice Fitzgerald, promoted to the command of an independent company. Dated March 31, 1782.

Mr John Burk to be Ensign, vice Jeremiah Delany. Captain Peter Campbell, of the 77th foot, to be Captain, vice William Swinburn, promoted. Dated April 4, 1782.

Eldest Lieutenant Robert Wyld to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Thomas Prickett, promoted. Dated as above.

49th Foot, Captain-Lieutenant Henry Croker to be Captain, vice John Nixon, deceased. Dated April 13, 1782.

Eldest Lieutenant Joseph Bunbury to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Croker. Cornet Frederick Coan, of the 9th dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Bunbury.

Lieutenant Johna Roche to be Captain, vice John Stuart, who retires. Dated March 31, 1782.

Ensign Henry Couran to be Lieutenant, vice Roche.

66th Foot, Lieutenant David Hamilton, late of the 5th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Bullen, promoted. Dated April 13, 1782.

Lieutenant Alexander Herve, late of the 49th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Walter Hore, promoted. Dated as above.

68th Foot, Lieutenant George Baillie, late of the 5th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Reed, promoted. Dated as above.

Lieutenant Malby Brabazon to be Captain, vice Earl of Granard, who retires. Dated March 31, 1782.

Ensign Richard Studdart to be Lieutenant, vice Brabazon. Captain-Lieutenant the Honourable Richard St Leger to be Captain, vice John Dickson. Dated April 4, 1782.

Lieutenant Lord Edward Fitzgerald, from the 19th foot, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice the Honourable Richard St Leger. Dated as above.

77th Foot, Lieutenant Robert Johnson, late of the 5th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice William Byers, promoted. Dated April 13, 1782.

Lieutenant Christopher Irvine, late of the 49th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice George Cotter, promoted. Dated as above.

Lieutenant William Charles Lynam, late of the 49th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Patrick Stewart. Dated as above.

Mr Alexander Robertson to be Ensign, vice George Duncan, promoted. Dated March 31, 1782.

Captain-Lieutenant Thomas Prickett, of the 36th foot, to be Captain, vice Peter Campbell. Dated April 4, 1782.

81st Foot, Captain-Lieutenant William Duncan to be Captain, vice George Lord Strathaven, promoted. Dated April 13, 1782.

Eldest Lieutenant Alexander Keith to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice William Duncan. Eldest Ensign Andrew Irvine to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Keith.

Mr John Lytler to be Ensign, vice Andrew Irvine.

Mr Hugh Trevor to be Ensign, vice Cecil Edgeworth, promoted. Dated as above.

Ensign Charles Stewart, of the North Fencible regiment, to be Ensign, vice Andrew Welwood, promoted by purchase. Dated as above.

Mr Pierce Moore to be Ensign, vice Henry Pemberton, promoted. Dated March 31, 1782.

Brevet-Major John Dickson, of the 68th foot, to be Major, vice Alexander Ross, promoted. Dated April 4, 1782.

103d, or King's Irish regiment of Infantry, Alexander Ross, Esq; to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated March 30, 1782.

William Swinburn, Esq; to be Major. Dated March 11, 1782.

To be Captain. Thomas Reed, Esq; dated December 27, 1781.

William Byers, Esq; January 17, 1782. Thomas Bullen, Esq; January 18, 1782. John Croker, Esq; January 21, 1782. George Cotter, Esq; February 12, 1782. Walter Hore, Esq; February 15, 1782. Arthur Benfon, Esq; March 1, 1782.

Patrick Stewart, Esq; to be Captain-Lieutenant. Dated January 14, 1782.

To be Lieutenants. Willi m Pyne, Charles Holmes, John Henry Gamble, George Pyng, James O'Connor, Thomas Nesbitt, Za. Scrope Schrapnell, Archibald Mosteith, King Combe, William Thomas Dilks, Thomas Flood, Gentlemen.

All dated November 3, 1781.

To be Ensigns. Frederick George Burns, Gent. Dated January 3, 1782. William Holdship, Gent. Dated January 22, 1782.

Arthur Perkins, Gent. Dated January 23, 1782. William Burton, Gent. Dated February 1, 1782. James Arkin, Gent. Dated February 2, 1782. W. A. Creel, Gent. Dated March 21, 1782.

John Sandys, Gent. Dated March 22, 1782. George Gainsfort, Gent. Dated March 26, 1782.

Brinsley Nixon, Clerk, to be Chaplain. Dated November 3, 1781.

Charles Stuart, Gent. to be Adjutant. Dated as above.

James Edmondson, Gent. to be Quarter-Master. Dated as above.

William Graham, Gent. to be Surgeon. Dated as above.

Royal Irish Regiment of Artillery, Mr Sneyde to be Second Lieutenant, vice George St George Robinson, appointed to an Ensigncy in the 96th foot. Dated March 31, 1782.

To be Second Lieutenants. Dixie Blundell, Stewart, Andrew Gidda, Hugh Swayne, James Hare, William Moore, Gentlemen.

All dated April 13, 1782.

Invalids, Mr Gervay Ransford Hall to be Ensign, vice George Harrison Reade, appointed to an Ensigncy in the 8th foot. Dated April 13, 1782.

Mr George Dickson to be Ensign in Captain Aldworth's independent Company, vice Richard Ellis. Dated March 6, 1782.



War Office, May 14, 1782.

47th Regiment of foot, Captain Mulgrave Briscoe, from the half-pay of Captain of foot, is appointed to be Captain of a company, vice William Sheriffe.
60th Regiment, 1st battalion, Lieutenant James Campbell, of 94th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Foy.
90th Regiment of foot, James Giecham, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Charles Frederick Jackson.
9th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Thomas Foy, of 60th regiment, 1st battalion, to be Lieutenant, vice James Campbell.
Southern regiment of Fencible Men, Thomas Currie, Gent. to be Ensign, vice James Christie.
Lieutenant Samuel Hadley, of Captain Elliott's Independent Company of Invalids, to be Lieutenant in Captain Thomas Livington's Independent Company of Invalids, vice Archibald Campbell.
Lieutenant Archibald Campbell, of Captain Elrington's Independent Company of Invalids, to be Lieutenant in Captain James Elliott's Independent Company of Invalids, vice Samuel Hadley.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, Monday, May 13.

WENT through in Committee, with amendments, the Exchequer bills, and ordered them to be reported on the morrow.
Read a second time the bill duty bill.
Agreed to the report of the resolutions of Friday last, on Ways and Means for raising the sum of 1,000,000 l. by loans or Exchequer bills.
Ordered that the sales of old ordnance stores be reported from the Committee on Public Accounts.
Ordered that the Hon. Mr. Pelham be added to the Select Committee on India affairs.
Took up then the consideration of the report from the Committee on the bill for restraining Sir Thomas Rumbold and Mr. Perrin from leaving the kingdom, or disposing of their property, &c.
Sir Philip Clerk moved, that Mr. Perrin's name be erased from the present bill, as it did not appear that Mr. Perrin acted in any other than a subordinate capacity in all the transactions which were made the basis of the intended prosecution.
General Smith did not suppose Mr. Perrin entirely innocent; nor on the other hand think him sufficiently criminal to be an object of punishment by a bill of pains and penalties.
Mr. Fox also thought Mr. Perrin was not a proper object of pains and penalties; and if he had been in the House when the motion was made to bring in the bill, he would have opposed it, in far as it related to the latter; but leave having been granted to bring it in, he was of opinion that his name should stand.—The motion was negatived without a division.

The Clerk next read the amendments made in the Committee, where it had been agreed that 50,000 l. of Sir Thomas Rumbold's property should be left uncovered by the bill; that he might have it in his power to indemnify such persons as should become his sureties to that amount. The Lord Advocate held this to be just the same as if Sir Thomas Rumbold was himself to be bound alone in 150,000 l. for as the collateral security was to be thus indemnified, there was in fact no other security for the Public but Sir Thomas's own estate.
Mr. Wilmot moved, that the sum to be left uncovered should be 20,000 l. instead of 50,000 l. On this motion the House divided, when there appeared

Against it	138
For it	1
Majority	137

The question being then put for the 50,000 l. it was carried without a division.

When the Clerk came to the clause by which Sir Thomas was to give in a full and true account of his effects,

The Solicitor General opposed it, as he had done before the bill was sent to the Committee.—It was urged, he said, by the friends of the bill, that it was only preparatory to trial, and not in itself a punishment.—But the fact was, that though the preamble only stated that there were suspicions against Sir Thomas, &c. yet upon those suspicions that gentleman's whole property was to be locked up: If this was not punishment, he did not understand the meaning of the word. The precedent was dangerous; and, on that ground alone, the bill ought to be opposed; if the House had resolved a hundred false facts, they would not do half so much mischief as by establishing a false principle.—To resolve in an election Committee, that a man of thirty years of age was under twenty, and consequently ineligible to a seat in Parliament, was an injury to an individual; but it established no new principle, as the only question of principle in that case would be, that a minor should not sit in Parliament; but to resolve that excessive bail should be required, that a party be punished before trial, would establish precedents of the most dangerous nature. The clause to compel him to give an account, upon oath, of his property, on pain of death, went to establish an inquisition of the most tyrannical nature: for it went to make a man condemn himself. If the friends to the bill had proofs to bring the charges home to Sir Thomas, this clause must, of course be unnecessary; if they had not, it went to extort proofs from him against himself; a principle repugnant to reason, justice, law, equity, and nature.

Mr. Fox replied, that it was of the essence of every charge, that some punishment should precede trial; the law imprisoned an accused person till he could find security for his appearance; and though it was a maxim in reason to hold every man innocent till he is proved to be guilty, yet the law by this procedure seemed, on the contrary, to hold every accused man to be guilty, till he has purged himself. In cases of debt also where the plaintiff swears to a debt, the Court will make the defendant give bail in double the sum sworn to, acting as if the proof of the debt was in full force. The bill did not inflict that Sir Thomas Rumbold should give an account of his effects upon oath, merely that he might be brought to furnish proofs against himself; this oath was imposed on him, that the House might know where the money lay, which they were to prove had been amassed by peculation; that this wealth might be forthcoming for the purposes of restitution. He then painted the happy consequence of our future government in India, from restitution thus made.

Mr. Fox having ended, the House divided on the clause for imposing the oath, when there appeared,

For it	105
Against it	48

Another division then took place on a clause amended by the Committee, which enacted, that if a true account should not be given, or the parties not abide their trial, the whole of their property should be confiscated. Before the amendment, the clause made the penalty felony, without benefit of clergy.—On the division, there appeared,

For the Clause	31
Against it	52

The amendment therefore was of course rejected, and a motion being made to restore the original clause making it felony, it was carried without a division.

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed, and, if ready, to be read a third time to-morrow.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, May 14.

The Three Sisters, Crosby, from Bristol, to London, and two sloops, were taken the 4th instant, in Bristol Channel, by two privateers. The sloops were ransomed, and the Three Sisters sent for France.

The Maidstone privateer, Captain Gifford, has taken and carried into Zant, on the 12th of March, a large French Tartar, laden with bale goods, cochineal, indigo, coffee, and sugars, valued at upwards of 15,000 l.

The Leviathan, Nichols, from Dyfart, for Copenhagen, with coals, was taken the 27th of March, 23 leagues east of the Island of May, by the Vrouw Magdalena, Dutch privateer, Captain Geerman, belonging to Amsterdam, mounting 26 guns, and 120 men, and ransomed for 520 guineas.

The city of Ostend, Hanson, from Gijon, to Hamburg, with nets, having sprung a leak, and damaged her cargo, is put into Dartmouth.

The Emmet, Gibson, from Newcastle for Cottenburg, was drove on shore the 27th of March near the Seaw, and lost; the crew saved.

The Francisco, Perryon, sailed from Mountbay for Leghorn in November last, is taken by a Spanish privateer, and carried into Ceuta, near the coast of Turkey, but is expected to be released.

The John, Sylva, from Oporto, being leaky, is put into Plymouth to repair.

The Two Friends, Griffith, from Bristol, is arrived at Portsmouth, after being ransomed for 200 guineas.

The L. Severe, one of the Hannibal's prizes, is arrived in Portland Road.

The Hector, Cox, from London, arrived from Jamaica, in her way down from the Islands, captured a large ship from Bourdeaux, which she carried into Kingston.

Portsmouth, 12. Thursday failed the Union, 90 guns, to join Admiral Kempenfelt.

Downs, 13. Sailed, the Victory man of war, of 100 guns, Admiral Howe, with the following men of war under his command:—Britannia, 100; Ocean and Queen, 90; Cambridge, 80; Edgar, Alexander, and Dublin, 74; Raleigh, 64; Panther, 60; Minerva, 38; La Prudente, 36; Buffalo; Biesant; Lightning fireship; Mutine, Expedition, and Rambler cutters. S. W.

From the LONDON PAPER, May 14.

Vienna, April 20. A report is current, that the King of Prussia will arrive here very shortly, accompanied by Prince Frederic-William, eldest son of the presumptive heir to the Crown, who, though not quite twelve years of age, is to be married to an Italian Princess.

Paris, April 30. The 62 transports, with 6000 troops, which failed from Brest, Feb. 11, under convoy of three men of war, commanded by M. de Mirbon, arrived at Martinico the middle of March.

Amsterdam, May 4. The Vice-Admiral the Count de Bylandt, and Rear-Admiral Kinbergen, arrived at the Helder the 1st inst. from whence we learn, that the frigates l'Argo, le Hoorn, la Vigilance, and the snow le Zeebaars, returned to the Texel the 2d inst. after escorting the fleet for the West Indies to the Isles of Shetland.

Ratisbon, April 26. The Pope departed from Vienna the 22d instant, and arrived to-day at Munich, having passed the first night at the monastery of Moek, the second at Lintz, from which he came by the way of Passau to Munich, where the Elector of Trevers arrived the 23d, with his sister, and the Elector of Bavaria, in order to meet his Holiness at Alt-Oettingue. Several persons of distinction are set out for the same place, in order to be presented to the Pope, who will stop but three days at Munich.

L O N D O N.

A letter is arrived with an express to Government, that the Dutch fleet failed last Friday morning from the Texel, at four o'clock; they consist of fourteen sail of two-deckers, including 50 and 40 gun ships, with five or six frigates.

Lord Howe failed yesterday morning from the Downs to the northward with twelve sail of the line.

The letters from Jamaica mention, that they have four camps on that island—one at Savannah-Le-Mar—one at Port Morant, another at Spanish Town, and the fourth at Kingston, and that they have 2300 regulars, with 16,000 militia, resolved to defend the place to the utmost, in case it should be attacked. This day arrived a mail from Holland, but brought nothing material.

By the Dutch permitting the Packet-boat to sail for England, after having been detained some days, it looks as if they thought their fleet out of all danger; and if they failed, as the letters by yesterday's mail mentioned they intended, they must be out of the reach of our fleet in the North Seas; for there were three or four days easterly and southerly winds the middle of last week, which would enable them to make the Orkney Islands, and the present westerly winds will carry them to the southward along the Irish coast; but though they may have the good fortune to escape the gallant Howe, yet there is another Admiral equally brave, who is more likely, from his situation, to give a good account of them. Admiral Kempenfelt is now cruising off Brest, with eight ships of the line; and from the specimen he gave of his conduct against a superior French fleet the Public cannot form too great an expectation, should he meet with the Dutch fleet, said to be now out.

The following is the force under Admiral Kempenfelt, viz. one ship of 100 guns, one of 90, four of 74, and two of 64.

The Texel fleet is said, from pretty authentic authority, to consist of 15 sail of the line, viz. one of 84 guns, one of 76, three of 70, four of 68, three of 60, two of 48, and one of 54 guns, besides frigates.

The object of Admiral Kempenfelt's present cruise is to intercept the French convoy from Ferrol, which consists of 300 sail of St Domingo-men, under convoy of ten ships of the line.

Yesterday Messrs Curzon and Gouverneur were discharged from the recognizance in the Court of King's Bench. Their books and papers that were sent home by Sir George Rodney from St Eustatia, were at the same time returned to them at Lord Shelburne's office, Whitehall.

This morning some dispatches were received from Jamaica, which were brought over in the Grantham packet-boat, Capt. Bull, after a passage of six weeks, but contain nothing new.

There is intelligence in town of a very disagreeable nature from Philadelphia. All the particulars we can learn are these, that the Congress will not treat without the troops are withdrawn, and the fullest extent; that they shall be altogether a separate people, subject to laws of their own, and be at liberty to carry on a trade, in whatever quarter of the world they think proper. This certainly would not be admitted, as the leaders of Administration are fully determined to oppose it.

Yesterday Mr Sawbridge put off his intended motion relative to the shortening the duration of Parliaments, till Friday next.

Yesterday morning some dispatches were received from Lisbon, which were brought over in the King George packet-boat, Captain Wauchope, arrived at Portsmouth in eight days.

At the same time some dispatches were received from Admiral Kempenfelt, which were dated at sea; but nothing had happened when the above dispatches came away, though they were in hourly expectation of meeting with some of the enemy's ships.

Lord Charles Fitzgerald, Captain of his Majesty's ship La Prudente, on his return to St Helen's, from his late cruise, looking out of his cabin window, observed a person to fall from the ship that was a-head of him, into the sea, upon which he jumped out of the window, and saved his life; he proved to be a midshipman on board the ship.

All the French letters that came by the Flanders mail, on Saturday last, mention the loss of their outward-bound East-India fleet, as an accident that may be easily repaired. They, however, at the same time, alluded to some other disagreeable circumstance, which had materially sunk their funds, though no certain intelligence had been published; therefore, as this is an absolute fact, we must naturally expect some good news in a few days, either from the East or West Indies.

On Saturday morning the Lord Mayor received a letter from the Earl of Shelburne, one of his Majesty's Secre-

aries of State, relative to the regulation of the city militia; soon after, his Lordship, Alderman Turner, and some of the heads of the Horse Association, waited on the Earl, at his house in Berkeley-square, where they staid some time to fix upon a plan, which is to be laid before the Committee of the Court of Lieutenancy.

It is said, that 3000 men are to be raised for the militia, which are to be well trained to arms, to be clothed, paid, and kept up to as strict discipline as any of his Majesty's regular forces, but not to be called out of the city unless this country should be invaded, and then to march to any part of Great Britain wherever they may be wanted.

As soon as the Court of Lieutenancy have agreed on the measure for regulating the militia, Mr Miller's plan, which was laid before them some years ago, is intended to be proposed by a member to be carried into execution, which is, to instead of old and decrepid watchmen, parties of the militia patrol the streets all night, to be relieved every two hours, the watch-houses to serve for guard-houses, and the money collected to pay the watchmen, to be appropriated for the paying and cloathing of the militia.

Yesterday evening died, about nine o'clock, of a stroke of the palsy, which had seized him a few days before, the learned Dr Solander, F. R. S. and who had made the voyage round the world, in company with his friend Sir Jof. Banks.

Sunday, died Brackley Kennett, Esq; Alderman of Cornhill Ward, President of Bridewell and Bethlem Hospitals, and one of the Burgesses of Westminster, at his house in Pall-Mall: He was drank to for Sheriff by Sir William Stephenson in the year 1765, and served the office part of the year with Benjamin Chailwood, Esq; who died in his Sheriffship, and the remaining part with Barlow Trecothick, Esq; He was elected an Alderman on the death of Francis Cakayne, Esq; in 1767, President of Bridewell and Bethlem-Hospitals on the resignation of Sir Walter Rawlinson in 1777, and Lord Mayor of this city in 1779.

This morning a respite for ten days was sent down from the Secretary of States Office to Newgate, for the five pirates that were to have been executed this day at Execution-Dock.

By yesterday's post we learn, that Lord Howe and his fleet still remain in the Downs; the reason assigned for his Lordship not proceeding to the North Seas, is, in consequence of the Dutch fleet having returned to the Texel. Indeed they never were many leagues at sea; it is most probable that our fleet will continue in the Downs till those ships are ready which are fitting for the North seas, so that, by this measure, the Dutch will not be able to send any fleet to sea this summer.

Nothing contributed so much to our late success against the French convoy, as the signal which Admiral Barrington made, when he was going down the Channel. When fleets begin to unmoor, they are generally very tedious, and much time is very unnecessarily lost; Admiral Barrington aware of this, and knowing, from his instructions, that the greatest dispatch was requisite, and that a very short delay would defeat the object of his expedition, made the signal for sailing, and immediately after hoisted another signal for a general chase, as if an enemy was in sight. This produced the desired effect, and the whole fleet was clear of the Land's-End by at least one day sooner than it would otherwise have been.

We are told, and we believe upon no contemptible authority, that only one regiment of the guards, one of grenadiers, and one of horse, are to be retained, as a part of the Royal paraphernalia; and that the other troops will be speedily employed in actual service in the field.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, April 28.

Last Thursday, it is said, the Provinces of Holland came to a resolution relative to the answer to be given to the memorial of the Russian ministers, of which the following is the substance, viz. "That the interest of the republic made it necessary to concert a plan of warlike operations with France for the ensuing campaign, and to admit a minister from the United States of America, and that their High Mightinesses were obliged to decline the proposal made by Great Britain to enter into a negotiation for a separate treaty of peace upon the footing of the treaty of 1674, and that notice of this resolution be given to the Russian minister in the politest terms."

"Mr Adams's memorial, giving the States-General notice that he had instructions from his sovereigns to propose a treaty of friendship and commerce between the United States of America and these Provinces, has been rendered commiflorial."

PRICE OF STOCKS, MAY 14.

Bank Stock 114.	South Sea Stock, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 73½.	3 per cent. Old Ann. —
3½ per cent. 1758, —	Ditto New Ann. 59.
3½ per cent. con. 59½ a ½.	Ditto 1751, —
3 per cent. red. 58½ a ½.	Exch. Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, 107½ disc.
Long Ann. 174½	Lot. Tick. 16 l. 4 s. 6 d.
Short Ann. 1778, 13 a 16th.	3 per cent. Scrip. 60½ a ½ a ½.
India Stock, —	4 per cent. Scrip. 73½.
3 per cent. Ann. —	Light L. Ann. 17½.
India Bonds, —	Omnion, —

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE, MAY 13.

Wheat, 34 s. a 47 s.	Boiling Pease, 28 s.
Fine ditto, —	Tick Beans, 20 s. a 26 s. 6 d.
Barley, 17 s. a 19 s. 6 d.	Small ditto, 23 s. a 28 s. 6 d.
Rye, 19 s. a 21 s.	Tares, 24 s. a 28 s.
Oats, 12 s. a 17 s.	Fine Flour, 37 s. a 38 s.
Malt, 28 s. a 30 s.	Second fort, 34 s. a 35 s.
Grey Pease, 18 s. a 20 s.	Rape Seed, — per last.
White ditto, 26 s. a 28 s.	

WIND AT DEAL.

MAY 13. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

TO THE PEERS OF SCOTLAND.

My Lords,

I HOPE your Lordships will forgive me for addressing you in this public manner, as it is the last time I shall ever trouble you upon such an occasion.

My Lords, I think myself entitled to your attention, because, ever since I have been a Peer of Scotland, I have relinquished every interest of my own to promote your's; and because, on the present occasion, to afford you an opportunity of asserting the rights of a free election, I have possibly run the risk of offending a Ministry who profess to think as I do.

Your Lordships will very soon, at the ensuing election, either finally confirm or lose your privileges held out to you by the Treaty of Union; and, if you lose them, my name will stand for ever as a reproach to those who shall suffer so noble a relique of independence to be stolen from the community, and from the country to which they belong.

My Lords, It is obvious that I can have no other object in the present contest, but to prevent the mockery of an election

without candidates, and voluntarily acquiesced in them with the highest I have the honour My Lord Your Lord

KIRKILL,

17th May, 1782.

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without candidates, and the disgrace of such an election being voluntarily acquiesced in by men whose birth ought to inspire them with the highest sense of dignity and of honour.

I have the honour to be, with great attachment,

My Lords,

Your Lordships most obedient humble servant,

KIRKCUDBRIGHT, } BUCHAN.
17th May, 1782.

Extract of a letter from London, May 14.
HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"The order of the day being read, the House moved for a third reading of the bill to restrain Sir Thomas Rumbold and Peter Perrin, Esq; in their persons, and compel the entire disclosure of their properties.

"The motion being carried, the bill was read, when Mr Lord Stanhope moved, that a reservation of thirty thousand pounds might be made, in respect to Sir Thomas Rumbold having it in his power to portion his three children, and ten thousand pounds in respect to Peter Perrin, Esq; portioning a child, of which his wife (being lately married) was now pregnant.

The Lord Advocate opposed this on the principle, that it would be a tacit condemnation of the accused. Indeed, they admitted themselves their guilt in thus making a reservation of their property; for it was a supposition of their property being liable to confiscation, which would not happen, unless they were proved guilty. But, in regard to the requisition which had been made for Peter Perrin, Esq; for the portion of his children, it was contrary to every idea of the bill; for this child was not yet born. So that the probability was, that it would rather prove a reservation in favour of the accused, than a provision for his offspring. He should therefore think, that this reservation should depend on the indulgence of Parliament.

"Sir Philip Jennings Clerk said a few words in favour of the motion, which was enforced with some farther observations from Mr Stanhope, the mover of the clause.—The question being now called, it was put, and negatived.

"Captain Rumbold then informed the House, that he would beg leave to present a petition from his Honourable relation, that he might be permitted to make his defence to the judicial proceedings of this bill. Leave being granted, the Honourable Gentleman presented the petition. He then observed, that he had applied to the Counsel for his Honourable relation, to know when they would be prepared to enter upon his defence. They had told him, from the nature of the papers they had to consult, that it would take up a month before they could be completely prepared. However, as he knew it was the desire of his Honourable relation, not to protract, but to accelerate the proceeding, he had urged the necessity of the Counsel shortening the consultations of these papers as much as possible. They had, in consequence, agreed to three weeks.

"The Lord Advocate agreed to the time.

"The Speaker now put the question for the passing the bill, when

"Mr Sawbridge arose, and said, that he could not suffer it to pass without his negative: Not that he had any knowledge of either of the gentlemen. The one, who was a member of that House, he had never spoken with; the other, who was not a member, he had never seen. But he opposed it upon a conviction of its being contrary to the constitutional proceedings of judicial enquiries. The Parliament had constituted themselves the evidence without oath—the grand jury without oath—and the petty jury without oath. Surely this was a proceeding the most inimical to justice: There was no influence in any judicial proceedings, except that of murder, wherein any evidence was accepted but positive evidence. He then observed, that Mr Donellan had been convicted from his own imprudence. The means which he had used to assert his innocence, proved the consequent and circumstantial evidence of his guilt. But, in respect to their present conduct, they were making themselves the most arbitrary inquisition that could possibly be adopted. It had been urged, that the bill of pains and penalties was the more lenient mode of process than impeachment, by reason that it afforded a more frequent opportunity of judgment. This, he considered, was as fallacious as to say, a hare would be more liable to escape, when pursued with ten packs of hounds, than with one: So that, on whatever ground he viewed this bill, he was convinced of its injustice. He therefore should give his negative to its passing. For he hoped that he should always preserve that consistency which he trusted had always marked his conduct—the opposing every measure that appeared to him unjust or arbitrary.

"The question was now called and put, when the House divided.

"The numbers were,
"For the passing of the bill, 82
"Against it 42
Majority, 40

COMMISSIONERS OF ACCOUNTS.

"Lord John Cavendish moved, that the present Commissioners be continued in their office.

"Colonel Barre seconded the motion; and then proceeded to pass an eulogy on their statement of accounts.—That the statement of accounts were not now, as usual, in the form of waste paper.

"Mr Huxley said, that he did not mean to oppose the bill; but unless there was not a greater reform of economy, these accounts would prove merely waste paper.

"Mr Frederick Montague observed, that he agreed with the necessity of there being a further economical reform.

"Colonel Barre said, that he has also agreed that the necessities of the nation required a more substantial reform than had hitherto been adopted. But, he trusted from what had already happened; the Hon. Gentlemen had sufficient confidence, that every species of reform would take place in respect to the grand national expenditure.

"The question was put and carried.

"A message was then received from the Lords.

The Capture of St EUSTATIA.

"Sir Charles Durnbury brought up a report from the Committee appointed for the enquiry into the particulars relative to the capture of St Eustatia. This report was ordered to lie on the table.

"Mr Burke moved for every paper relative to the orders, instructions, and proceedings of the capture of St Eustatia.

"Lord Lisburne made a few observations upon this motion, when it was called and carried without a division.

"The indemnity bill was presented, read a first time and ordered to be read a second time.

"In a committee on the bill for laying a stamp duty on bills

of exchange, went through the same, made the report, and ordered the bill to be introduced.

"Lord Advocate's report on the East-India business; Lord Graham's motion relative to the Scotch currency; the report on the corn petitions; and the report on the poor bill, stand for to-morrow, as orders of the House of Commons.

"The House broke up at six o'clock.

"This day the bill to continue an act for regulating the loading of ships with coals at Newcastle, was read a 3d time in the House of Peers, and passed.

"In a Committee on the Cricklade bill, went through the same without amendment, and the Chairman afterwards made a report thereof to the House.

"The order of the day was read for the House to resolve itself into a Committee on the Contractors bill. The Lord Chancellor left the Woolfack, and Lord Scarisdale took the chair. Several amendments were proposed and made, and the bill so amended, ordered to be reported to-morrow.

"In a Committee went through the Tobacco duty bill, the bill for allowing the importation of goods from St Christopher's, and the Winchester election bill, and reported them afterwards at the table.

"The second reading of the Revenue Officers bill, known better by the name of Mr Cret's bill; the third reading of the Cricklade bill; and the report of the amendments to the Contractors, stand for to-morrow. Their Lordships are summoned thereupon."

The London post did not arrive this evening till half after 4 o'clock. This, we presume, must be occasioned by the waters being out, owing to the vast quantity of rain that has fallen within these eight days past.

The London Gazette, brought by this day's post, contains dutiful and loyal addresses to his Majesty from the Ministers and Elders of the Provincial Synod of Galloway; and from the Freeholders, Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners of Supply of the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The Earl of Lauderdale, who formerly sat many years in Parliament, has, we hear, again offered his service to the Peers of Scotland, to be one of their sixteen representatives, in room of the late Earl of Loudoun; and it is thought he will be chosen without opposition.

On the 9th inst. was married at London, Lloyd Hill, Esq; of the 43d regiment, to Miss Charlotte M'Colme, second daughter to the deceased Dr John M'Colme, of the West Fencibles.

On Wednesday last, died here John Cay, Esq; of Chantonhall, Northumberland.

Captain Bogue is appointed to the Foudroyant of 80 guns, in the room of Captain Jarvis, who is gone to Bath for his health.

We are sorry to hear that Sir John Lockhart Ross has struck his flag.

This morning, the Honourable Board of Customs received a letter by express from the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at Montrose, dated yesterday, which contained the following information: "That the tender there, being out of a cruise that morning, about a league off the harbour, fell in with the Friendship of Stonehaven, James Falconer master, bound for Limekilns, who informed him, that, at six o'clock of the evening of the 16th current, he was boarded by a boat belonging to a smuggling lugger, off Gourdon, the commander of which told Falconer, that he had, on Tuesday last, off Red-head, at ten leagues distance, seen nine ships of the line and some frigates, steering northward."

We hear there have been several meetings in London, attended by a great number of the first nobility and gentry of both kingdoms, to deliberate on the propriety of arming this country. We do not learn that any definitive resolution has as yet been come to in consequence of these meetings.

Thursday last, a number of field-pieces were sent from the Castle to the Battery at Leith, accompanied by a considerable party of the Royal regiment of artillery. They are intended for the purpose of exercising the men, and to be in readiness to be carried to any part of the east coast, in case of emergency.

Thursday last, arrived in Leith Roads, his Majesty's frigate Prosclyte, from a cruise in the North Seas, during which time she saw no enemy. This evening the Prosclyte again sailed on another cruise.

The famous Mr Pielin, soon expected to visit Scotland, performs in the file of the favourite La Motte. In this he has been so successful as to give universal satisfaction in our neighbouring kingdom.

Mr Pielin junior has been no less fortunate in his particular line, having performed a Concerto on the French horn, every night last winter, at the Pantheon, with universal applause.

Thursday the 9th inst. in the morning, the body of Mr James Paterson was found in the river, a little below the Broomclaw, Glasgow. He unhappily fell over the key about three months ago; and, notwithstanding the most diligent search, was not found till the above day.

Extract of a letter from Irvine, May 7.

"The Presbytery of Irvine, at their last meeting held here, taking into their serious consideration the effects flowing from the rigorous exercise of patronage, as the law now stands, made the following overture, viz. "The Presbytery humbly o- verture, that the General Assembly, at their next meeting, should apply to Parliament for some restriction of the law of Patronage, or whatever other redress to them seems proper. "And they appoint their late Moderator, who gave in this o- verture, along with their members, to support it in the en- suing Assembly."—It is to be hoped, by the friends of our excellent ecclesiastical constitution, that this will be a reforming Assembly, and that either the Rev. Dr John Erskine of Ed- inburgh, or the Rev. Mr Colin Campbell of Renfrew, will fill the chair to keep the church right."

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

THE ORIGIN OF BLUSHES.

AN EPIGRAM.

PERFIDIOUS man Promissions countful of;

Twice did he vow his pure celestial love;

To such a creature ought to be deny'd;

Then, pausing, thus pronounced the awful Sire:

Receive, O Man! the fire my nostrils blow;

This, which thou try'st thy treacherous arts to hide,

Up from thy heart, with ruddy flame shall go;

And on thy face thy guilt shall be display'd.

REPRESENTATIVES for the ensuing GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Presbytery of LANGHOLM.—Mr Dickie of Langholm, and Mr Scott of Ewes, Ministers.—James Saunders, writer to the Signet, Elder.

Presbytery of ABERTARFF.—Mr Al. Fraser of Kilmaly, and Mr Thomas Ross of Kilmaly, Ministers.—Al. Macpherson, writer in Inverness, Elder.

Burgh of INVERARY.—Dr James Williamson, Professor of Mathematics in the University of Glasgow, Elder.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED.

April 18. Mary of Kirkcaldy, Bridges, from Masstrand, for Menet, with herrings.

25. Waller and Gwyndne, of and from Arbroath, Garry, for Ri- ga, in ballast.

Europh of Dyfart, Balfour, from Gottenburgh, for Menet, with herrings.

Riga Merchant, of and from Arbroath, Spink, for Riga, ballast.

26. Mathewson, of and from Montrose, Jolly, for Riga, ballast.

23. Young Benjamin, of and from Dyfart, Normand, for Copen- hagen, with coals.

John of Montrose, from Masstrand, Renny, for Riga, herrings.

Friendship of and from Alloa, Spittal, for Peterburgh, coals.

May 1. Endeavour of Airth, Scott, from Gottenburgh, for Riga, with herrings.

2. Peggy, of and from Dyfart, Pearson, for Menet, ballast.

Chyde of Caron, Wilson, from Port-Glasgow, for Menet, ditto.

4. Molly, of and from Kincardine, Millar, for Copenhagen, coals.

5. Success, of and from Dyfart, Adamson, for ditto, with ditto.

Passed also the 18th ult. the Leviathan, of and from Dyfart, Nichol- son, for Copenhagen, with coals, having been taken the 17th ult. within 23 leagues of the Forth, by the Vrow Magdalena privateer, belonging to Amsterdam, of 26 guns and 120 men, commanded by Captain Christian Geerman, and ransomed for 520 guineas.

Edinburgh, May 5. 1782. Wind N. WALTER WOOD.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED.

May 16. Margaret, Ramfay, from Hamburg, with goods.

19. Expedition, Tyrie, from Oporto, with wine.

18. Thomas, Grant, from Aberdeen, with goods.

John and Chirillan, Scotland, from Perth, with grain.

And several vessels, with coals, &c.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, May 17.

Wheat, 20s. 6d. 20s. 6d. 18 6d.

Bar, 13 6 14 0 13 0

Oats, 15 0 11 4 10 0

Pease, 7s. 3 11 8 11 0

Errat, In the advertisement of the Brigantine Betsy for sale, in our last, for Mr Hardie at his house, read Mrs Hardie at her house.

ON FRIDAY next the 24th current, there will be AN ASSEM- BLY at MUSSELBURGH. To begin at Seven o'clock.

ALL OFFICERS of the 71st or second 71st

Regiments, excepting such as have already received orders from Colonel Stirling, are to send their directions forthwith to me, at Balcarres, Fifeshire.

Not to be repeated.

This day is published,

In Two Large Volumes Octavo, price 12 s. in Boards, the 2d Edition, (Ornamented with a Head of the Author, engraved by Holloway)

An Essay on the Composition of a Sermon.

Translated from the original French of the Rev. JOHN CLAUDE, Mi- nister of the French Reformed Church at Charenton, near Paris.

With Notes by the Rev. ROB. ROBINSON of Cambridge.

To the first volume is prefixed a Life of Mr Claude; and to the 2d, a Dissertation on the Ministration of the Divine Word by public preaching.

London, printed for W. Leppard, and C. Elliot, Parliament Square, Edinburgh.

By whom in a few days will be published,

A New Edition, being the Fourth (ornamented with a Head of the Author, by Knight).

SERMONS BY THE LATE REV. GEORGE CARR,

Senior Clergyman of the English Episcopal Congregation in Edinburgh, 2 vols 8vo, price 10 s. bound.

Proof Impressions of Mr Carr's Head, separately, 2 s. each.

When also may be had,

1. Dr Lamont's Sermons on the most prevalent Vices; to which are added, an Ordination, a Synod, and two Sermons on a Future State, 8vo, price 6 s. bound.

2. Mr Steele's Sermons, price 6 s. bound.

3. New Edition of Walker of Truro's Sermons, 2 vols 8vo, price 12 s. bound.

4. Large Printed PSALM BOOKS, for Precentors and old People, with the New Translations and Paraphrases.

AUCTION of PRINTS, MUSLINS, &c.

THERE will be SOLD by auction, in that large Ware-room head of Gray's close, (lately possessed by Mill Douglas milliner) on Friday the 24th current, to begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and continue till all are sold, An elegant Assortment of the following GOODS, viz:

Printed Mullins, Marked Quilting for Petticoats,

Calicoes, Mullinets,

Scots Linens, Thread Edgings, and

Irish ditto, Black Laces,

Dimothies, Black Lattings,

With various other Mercery Articles, as will be particularized in the catalogue. As the whole will be sold in large and small lots, for the convenience of purchasers, bargains may be depended upon, every article being of the very newest taste and best quality.

The goods to be seen two days before the auction begins, where catalogues may be had.

DAMAGED FLAX at LEITH to be SOLD,

For behoof of the Underwriters and all concerned.

By authority of the ADMIRAL of LEITH.

THERE will be SOLD by public roup, within the Court-house of Leith, on Wednesday the 22d day of May 1782, years, betwixt the hours of three and five o'clock afternoon, Sundry large Parcels of DUTCH FLAX, consisting of several hundred mats, lately damaged on board the Star, Claus Leap master, wrecked in coming into the har- bour of Leith. The Flax will be set up in different lots, and shown by Thomas Walker and Son merchants in Leith, and Alexander Hender- son flax-dresser there; and the conditions of sale are in the hands of the Town-Clerk of Leith.

HORSES TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION:

THERE is to be SOLD, by auction, on Thursday next, the 23d instant, at twelve o'clock, at Peter Ramfay's Stables, Cowgate Port, Several HORSES of different kinds, belonging to Lord Haddo.

For particulars, apply to Peter Ramfay, who has power to conclude a private bargain before the sale.

TO be SOLD, by auction, by Mr Cart, at the Bull-head at Hink- ley, in the county of Leicester, on Wednesday the 29th May 1782, by order of the assignees of Mr Richard Seller hofier, a bank- rupt.

One Hundred and Eleven STOCKING

FRAMES of various sizes, in good condition, and calculated for the most useful part of the Stocking Manufacture.—Descriptive Catalogues with conditions of sale, may be had at Garraway's Coffee-house, Lon- don; the Saracen's Head, Glasgow; the Exchange Coffee-house, and Dunn's Hotel, Edinburgh; and of the auctioneer, at Leicester on Wednesday preceding the sale.

One Hundred and eleven Stocking Frames being a greater number than were ever sold in England by auction in one day, the Auctioneer, with great respect to the merchants of Scotland, thought it proper to announce the sale in the CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

A SCHOOLMASTER WANTED FOR DUMFRIES.

THE Arithmetical and Mathematical School for this town having become vacant by the death of the late Mr Andrew Tennent, a well qualified person is wanted to fill up the vacancy.

The yearly salary is only 27 l. 10 s. Sterling, payable quarterly by the town; but the chief emolument arises from the wages and gratuities payable by the scholars, the amount of which depending on the number of scholars, will doubtless be more or less, according to the reputation, abilities, and success of the teacher.

The salary and emoluments together have hitherto been generally computed at between 80 and 100 l. Sterling yearly.

The chief business of the Master will be to teach Arithmetic and Book-keeping. But he will likewise have to teach the Elements of Euclid, Algebra, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Geography, Mensuration, and Navigation.

The Magistrates, anxious to have the place well filled up, have obtained the favour of Professors Mr John Robison and Mr Dugal Stewart of the University of Edinburgh, to undertake the examination of the Candidates. Such as are inclined to offer themselves are requested to give in their names on or before the last week of Oct. May to either of these gentlemen, from whom they will be informed of the particular time and place to be fixed by them for the trial, which will be at Edinburgh, sometime the first week of next June.

Over and above being found of sufficient abilities by the two Professors, the Magistrates and Council are to be perfectly satisfied of the good moral conduct of the candidate whom they shall elect for master.

TURNPIKE-MEETING AT KINROSS.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Annual General Meeting of the Trustees upon the Turnpike-road between North Queensferry and Perth, is to be held at Kinross, upon the last Saturday, being the 25th of May current, when it is requested the Trustees will please to attend.

TO COVER this season, at Pinkie Inn, near Musselburgh, at Two Guineas and Half a Crown to Gentlemen, and One Guinea and a Shilling to Farmers.

HERCULES.

He is a beautiful bright bay, fifteen hands three inches high, remarkably fleet, and master of any weight.—Hercules was got by a very fine Arabian, out of a snap mare; and is thought by judges to be one of the strongest thorough-bred horses in Britain.—Grass for mares.

To be SOLD at the same place, a handsome BREEDING MARE, with a fine FOAL at her foot, got by Hercules.

ALL to whom the late Sir JAMES NICOLSON of Glenberrie was indebted at his death, are desired to give in notes of their debts, and how constituted, to William Baillie writer in Montrose, betwixt and the first of June next.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of MAJOR FORBES, late of New.

MR GRANT, the Trustee and Arbitrator, considering that several of the Creditors who live at a distance, and their agents being out of town, have not had access to see his scheme of division of the funds, and in order that sufficient time may be allowed for drawing, adjusting, and executing their discharges and conveyances to Mr Forbes the purchaser, thinks it necessary to acquaint all concerned, That the payment of the dividends must necessarily be deferred till the 20th day of June next; between and which time he expects they will be properly prepared to receive their dividends; And in the mean time they may have access to copies of the scheme of division, both in his and Mr Alexander Ferguson's hands.

Though the scheme was made out with a view to a division as at this Whit Sunday, yet as the money is lodged upon bankers notes, the creditors will draw interest upon their dividends, down to the day they receive them.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES HINDMARSH, formerly Innkeeper at Beltonford, in the county of Haddington, North Britain; as likewise to the sundry Debtors to the Trustee for these Creditors.

A Meeting of the said James Hindmarsh's Creditors, called by advertisements in the newspapers, was held at Dunbar on the 13th of April 1782, at which John Tait and Alexander Sawers, writers in Dunbar, were appointed as agents to collect the whole outstanding debts due to the trustee, and, if needful, to prosecute for payment without delay; as also to draw up a scheme of division of the funds which shall be made effectual, in order that the creditors in Scotland may be paid their dividends of that fund at the term of Whit Sunday first. But it was recommended to Messrs Tait and Sawers to set aside and retain the dividends corresponding to the funds for which the English creditors lodged claims at the first meeting, until such time as these English creditors shall render an account of the prices of the chaises and horses they carried off, and satisfy them of the justice of their claims, and of a legal title to receive such dividends, particularly such as were claimed by William Luke and Elizabeth Hindmarsh, Mr Collingwood Forrester, and Anne Barton; also, that they should cause insert an advertisement in the London Gazette and Newcastle newspapers, requiring these creditors to give such satisfaction, and show such titles, between and the 1st day of July next; with certification, that in case these English creditors fail to do so, they will be cut off from any dividend of the funds of the bankrupt, and that the same, after the expiry of that day, will immediately be divided amongst the Scots creditors, which, in that event, the said agents are hereby authorized to do.

Of all which this intimation, in terms of the said instructions, is given by

Dunbar, April 27, 1782.

JOHN TAIT.

ALEXA. SAWERS.

TO BE SOLD OR LET.

THE HOUSE in Adams's Square, belonging to George Buchanan of Kello, with Stable, Coach-house, &c. as possessed by Lord Auchinleck.

Isaac Grant, writer to the signet, will inform as to particulars, either in regard to a sale or let.

The house may be seen on Tuesdays and Thursdays, in the forenoon.

TO BE SOLD.

ON Tuesday the 28th of May current, between the hours of four and five afternoon, will be exposed to sale, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh.

Those TWO DWELLING-HOUSES at Drumsheugh, with the Flower Garden belonging thereto; one of these houses possessed by Mrs West, the other at present unoccupied.

The articles of roup, and title-deeds of the subjects may be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Duncan writer to the signet, to whom any person wishing to make a private bargain before the day of roup may send their proposals.

SALE OF A HOUSE AND SHOP.

To be entered to immediately, TO BE SOLD, by public auction, within Bristol Street Coffee-house, upon Friday the 24th of May current, between the hours of four and five afternoon.

All and Whole that Commodious LAIGH HOUSE and FORE-SHOP, consisting of three fire-rooms besides the shop, and the cellar thereto belonging, lately possessed by the deceased Thomas Graham upholsterer at Cross-caufey, afterwards by his widow, and at present by her daughter: And also, the Small DWELLING-HOUSE adjoining to the back or north side of the said laigh house, lying near the west end of the Cross-caufey, Edinburgh, immediately to the eastward of the well-known shop of Mr Alexander Livingston grocer.

The conditions of sale, and writs and evidences of the subjects will be shown by John Young writer, at his house, Todrick's Wynd, Edinburgh; to whom it is intreated, that such of the creditors of Mr and Mrs Graham as have not already done so will immediately give in distinct notes of their claims and grounds of debt; that proper measures may be taken as speedily as may be, for distributing the proceeds of the said subjects among all concerned.

A House, Coach-house, Stable, Garden, &c.

AT LEITH—FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, at Lawson's Coffeehouse in Leith, upon Friday the 28th June 1782, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

That large and convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, COACH-HOUSE, STABLE for six horses, two GARDENS, Gardener's House, and Area adjoining the dwelling-house—These subjects were long in possession of the family of Balmorino, all lying in the Kirkgate of Leith; and the purchaser may have possession immediately after the sale. The house is fit to accommodate a large family; and, independent of it, the front of the buildings to the street is 130 feet, which may be sold or leased to great account. The garden, which fronts the Links, is 363 feet in length; which also may be sold or leased in lots for building, and still reserve sufficient garden for the present house.

James Niven gardener will show the premises; and for further particulars, application may be made to George Leith writer, George's Square, Edinburgh.

SALE OF WOODS IN ANNANDALE.

TO BE SOLD, within the King's Arms Inn at Dumfries, on Wednesday the 18th day of June 1782, between the hours of four and five afternoon.

THE FOLLOWING WOODS ON THE ESTATE OF HOLMAINS:

- I. The Woods on the farm of Kirkwood, in the parish of Dalton, consisting of about 60 acres, mostly oak.
- II. The Old Timber Trees at the village of Dalton.
- III. The Old Oak Wood interspersed among the farm of Holmaims, in the same parish. And,
- IV. The Wood upon the farm of Harthwood, in the parish of Lochmaben.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet, Edinburgh; and copies thereof in the hands of Mr John Johnston, at Shilliehill, near Lochmaben.—The woods to be sold will be shown on applying at the house of Kirkwood.

ARGYLESIRE.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 13th day of June next, at 12 o'clock mid-day, within the house of Mrs Currie vintner in Rothsay.

The Five Merk Land of old extent of DARYNAKERACHMORE, lying in the parish of Kilmoran, division of Cowal, and shire of Argyre. This farm is an extensive and good grazing, fit either for black cattle or sheep, and well situated with respect to markets. It contains a considerable quantity of arable land, which may be improved at a small expence, as the ground abounds with lime-stone, and has in it plenty of fuel.

For further particulars, application may be made to Archibald Campbell of Ardmarnock, near Kilmoran, the proprietor, Mr John Robertson vintner in Rothsay, or to John Blair Sheriff-clerk of Bute, in whose hands the progress of writs and articles of roup are to be seen.

TO BE SOLD by public roup and auction, within the King's Arms Inn, in the burgh of Ayr, on Friday the 30th day of August next, at four o'clock afternoon.

The following LANDS, lying in the Barony of Allwary, parish and shire of Ayr, together or in the following lots, viz.

- LOT I. The Lands of HIGH CARLUIE, and Part of the Lands of HIGH BROOMBERRY YARDS, consisting of 120 acres or thereby, all arable, and presently let at 50 l. 17 s. 6 d. sterling yearly.
- LOT II. The Lands of HIGH BROOMBERRY YARDS, consisting of 7 1/2 acres or thereby, all arable, and presently let at 38 l. 10 s. sterling.—There is a lime-quarry on this lot, which has been and may be wrought to great advantage, and is not included in the foregoing rent.
- LOT III. The Lands of SOUTH HIGH CORTON, consisting of 87 acres or thereby, all arable, and formerly let at 45 l. sterling.
- LOT IV. The Lands of SOUTH HIGH MUIR of CORTON, consisting of 217 acres or thereby, all arable, and formerly let at 70 l. sterling.

The whole of the foregoing lands are substantially inclosed and subdivided with hedge and ditch, and with stone dykes on the march with some of the neighbouring heritors.—There are also several belts and clumps of planting on them, twenty-two years old, and very thriving.—They are capable of, and well situated for improvement; for, besides the Limequarry in Lot II. there is plenty of Lime and Coal in the neighbourhood.—On each of the lots there is a good farm-house and office-house, lately built, and in good repair.

The whole of the Lands lie within three miles of the burgh of Ayr. And there being no leases on any of them, the purchaser may enter to the possession at Martinmas next.

The whole of the foregoing lands hold feu of the burgh of Ayr, for payment of the following feu-duties: Lot I. 8 l.—Lot II. 5 l.—Lot III. 5 l. 16 s.—and Lot IV. 7 l. 16 s. all Sterling,—doubling the same the first year of the entry of an heir, and tripling it at the entry of a singular successor; and the burgh of Ayr relieves the proprietor of all teind and stipend.

The title-deeds and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of John Hunter writer to the signet, who has power to conclude a private bargain; and copies of the conditions of sale in the hands of Charles Shaw writer in Ayr.

James Thomson in High Carluie will show the lands.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

UPON the 27th day of June next, there is to be SOLD, by judicial

roup and sale, within the Parliament House of Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of four and seven afternoon.

The following Parts of the Lands and Estate of BARHOLM, lying within the parish of Kirkmahreck, and shire of Kirkcudbright, in the following lots, viz.

- LOT I. The Lands of COOL, consisting of 1066 acres Scots measure, or thereabouts. The present rent 36 l. Sterling.
- LOT II. The Lands of BLAIRS, consisting of 373 acres Scots measure, or thereabouts. The present rent about 60 l. Sterling.

These Lands are very low rented, and capable of great improvement; a great part of them are arable or improvable.

The lands are situated near to the sea-coast, where there is an inexhaustible fund of shells, which is found to be a very valuable manure; and in the neighbourhood of Creeton, where there is a safe and commodious harbour.

James Macbarnie will show the lands. The articles of roup will be seen in the hands of John Callender depute-clerk of Session; and a copy thereof, with the title-deeds, leases, plan of the estate, &c. in the hands of Alexander Abercrombie writer to the signet.

SALE OF LANDS.

That upon Tuesday the 2d day of July 1782, between the hours of twelve mid-day and two afternoon, within the house of James Beveridge vintner in Kinross, there is to be exposed to sale, by public roup.

ALL and Hail the just and equal Half of the TOWN and LANDS of PITENDRICH, lying in the parish of Portmouk and shire of Kinross.

These lands lie contiguous, of considerable extent, are wholly arable and of a rich soil, and have right to the Lommond Hill, which affords fine pasturage for sheep, and a considerable part of that hill belonging to the lands is arable. There is plenty of free and lime stone in the lands and quarries broke up, so that they may be inclosed and otherwise improved at small expence. There is a good steading of houses on the lands, and they have a beautiful prospect of Locheven, which lies within a small distance of the farm, and of the country round. The lands lie within three miles of the thriving town of Kinross, and within five miles of coal. The free yearly rent of the lands is about 67 l. Sterling, and with some small improvements, a very considerable rise of rent may be expected.

For particulars enquire of Andrew Horn, Esq; of Thomanear, or William Edward writer in Kinross, either of whom will treat with any person inclining a private bargain. The title-deeds and conditions of sale will be shown by the said William Edward, and the lands will be shown by Thomas or John Whytes of Easter Balgadic.

SALE OF LANDS.

TO BE SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 19th day of June next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The House and Lands of POWDERHALL, lately belonging to Mr Daniel Seton merchant in Edinburgh, deceased, lying within the barony of Broughton, parish of St Cuthberts, and shire of Edinburgh.

These Lands are pleasantly situated upon the banks of the Water of Leith, contain about sixteen Scots acres of a very rich soil, all completely inclosed and divided into several different fields, surrounded with very thriving and beautiful shrubs of planting. The pleasure-ground is laid out with great taste; and the garden and wall surrounding the pleasure ground are well stocked with fruit-trees of many different kinds, which produce remarkably well.

The House stands upon the Bonington road to Leith, within twenty-five minutes walk of the Cross of Edinburgh, and consists of a kitchen and eleven fire-rooms, besides five bed-rooms, and two large light closets in the garret-storey. The dining-room in the second storey is about 26 feet by 17; and the parlour in the first storey is about 16 by 14. There are also two cellars, one of them with catacombs, and a complete set of offices, containing stable for six horses, coach-house, cart-house, byre for four cows, milk-house, wash-house, and large laundry; with two servants rooms, and several other conveniences. At the offices is a pump well, plentifully supplied; and at the head of the entry from the Bonington road, there is a good gardener's house, of two apartments.

As ALSO, the House called BEAVERHALL, built upon the said lands, consisting of five rooms and a bed-chamber with a fire-place, besides kitchen, back-kitchen, laundry, pantry, and two garrets. Contiguous to the house is a large building with a number of apartments, formerly made use of as a Hat Manufactory, which may be easily converted into offices.

The said lands hold of the Governors of Heriot's Hospital, for payment of an yearly feu-duty of about 48 bolls barley bear.

For the encouragement of purchasers, the whole of the above subjects will be exposed at the upset price of 4500 l. Sterling.

The house at Powderhall may be seen on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays, betwixt eleven and two o'clock.

William Knox gardiner at Powderhall will show the grounds.

The title-deeds of the whole of the above subjects, which are clear, with a plan of the grounds at Powderhall, and the articles of roup, may be seen in the hands of Andrew Hamilton clerk to the signet.

For further particulars apply to David Russell, accountant in Edinburgh.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS

IN LINLITHGOW SHIRE.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament House, upon Wednesday the 24th day of July next, betwixt the hours of three and six afternoon, either in whole, or in such lots as shall be afterwards ascertained.

The LANDS and ESTATE of CULT, and others, comprehending the following lands, viz: the Lands of Cult, the half of the Lands of Coshill, the Lands of Righouse, Cultrig, and Brownhill, being parts of the Lands of Wester Whitburn. The Lands of Heads, Turnhigh, Rives, Cairney, Gutters, Bellstone, Hennesell, Crippelreiff, Corn and Lint mills thereof, and Lands of Swincavie, being all parts of the Lands of Easter Whitburn. The Lands of Brachead and Kerpikath, being parts of the Lands of Fauldhonse. And the Lands of Wester Seat of Foulshiels, all lying within the parish of Witburn, and shire of Linlithgow. These lands hold of different subject superiors, except the Wester Seat of Foulshiels, which holds of the Crown.

There is a convenient mansion-house on the Lands of Cult, consisting of seven fire-rooms and a kitchen, with suitable offices, a large garden surrounded with a high stone and lime wall lately built; a considerable part of the lands adjacent to the house is inclosed, partly with stone dykes, and partly with ditch and hedge, all in good order, with considerable quantity of planting in belts, round the inclosures, all in the most thriving condition; great part of the lands lies along the turnpike road betwixt Edinburgh and Glasgow, by the Kirk of Shots, and about midway between these two cities; there is plenty of coal in the neighbourhood, and lime at no great distance. The free yearly rent of the whole is 349 l. 16 s. 11 d. 5-12ths. The inclosures about the house of Cult are valued at 25, and the rest of the lands at 22 years purchase, and the price put on the whole by the Lords is 7243 l. 10 s. 2-12ths Sterling, including 25 l. as the value of a liat mill on Crippelreiff, valued at 5 l. a year, and 5 years purchase.

Persons intending to purchase, may, for further particulars, apply to Mr Alexander Ross, depute clerk of Session, clerk to the sale, or to Thomas Baillie, writer to the signet, of whom may be had printed copies of the abstract of the prepared state and proven rental and value of the several lands under sale; and printed copies thereof, and plans of the estate, are lodged with Mr Robert Brown, schoolmaster at Whitburn, who will show the lands.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUN.

Within the Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon the 23th day of July 1782, at five o'clock afternoon.

THE whole Lands and Barony of FETTER.

CAIRN and others, lying within the parishes of Fettercairn and Fordoun, and county of Kincardine, which belonged to the late Lady Diana Middleton of Seaton. The free rent of this estate, after deduction of public burdens, is 194 bolls meal, 74 bolls 3 shillots bear, and 45 l. 12 s. Sterling in money. The lands and barony of Fettercairn, Craigmoun, Goffie, &c. hold of the Crown, the valued rent being 1962 l. Scots, which may be easily split into above four votes or freeholds.

Most of the farms on the estate are set in tack to good tenants, and a great part of them enclosed with hedge and ditch, which the tenants, by their tacks, are obliged to keep in good order. There is a good free-stone quarry in the heart of the estate, and an excellent lime quarry wrought upon it, from which the tenants are abundantly supplied with lime for manure; unwrought limestone also appears in several other parts of the lands.

The grounds are watered by many streams running through them, and have abundance of firing from the inexhaustible mosses upon the estate. The hill farms have most extensive pasture for black cattle and sheep, and those below are close rich corn fields, of excellent and grateful soil, and well drained by ditches lately cast for that purpose. If a purchaser inclines, he may immediately inclose and plant above 120 acres of muir-ground of Luttermuir, which lie at present unoccupied, and on which none of the tenants have any servitude or right of pasturage.

The manor-place of Fettercairn is an old building, pleasantly situated in the middle of the estate, about two miles south of the Grampian hills, which abound with all manner of game. The proprietors have not resided on the estate for many years past; the house, however, in the roof, walls, and windows, has been kept in constant repair, so that it is capable of being fitted up for a gentleman's residence. The garden consists of about two acres of ground, inclosed with a good wall, and is well stored with fruit-trees. There is about 13 acres of well-grown and fenced planting near the house, of fir, ash, and beech, from 25 to 30 years old. If the proprietor should chuse to reside at the house of Fettercairn, which, for the use of keeping constant fires in it, is at present possessed by the gardener, he has open for his natural possession the garden and about eight acres, set to the gardener only from year to year; and he may also have 22 acres of excellent inclosed ground in the field called The Callender, adjoining to the house, upon giving 3 years warning to the present tenants.

The house of Fettercairn lies about eight miles from the two market towns of Montrose and Brechin, and the roads are remarkably good. The rental of the lands; progress of the title-deeds, and conditions of sale, may be seen in the hands of William Tytler writer to the signet in Edinburgh, Dr William Thom advocate in Aberdeen, and Professor Thomas Gordon, of the King's College, Aberdeen; and the tenants will show the grounds.